

# Grant Writing – Take A Closer Look



#### Welcome and Introductions





#### Aim of the Session...

To look at important elements of grant writing to gain greater insight into key aspects of writing a successful bid.



#### Objectives of the Session

- By the end of the session learners will be able to:
- Name the key areas of preparation for a bid
- Had practice writing and reviewing applications
- Explain the key elements of record keeping
- Name the benefits of maintaining a funder/organisation relationship



- Outline of the day
- Morning: Preparing Your Funding Bids
- Research
- Budgets
- Need
- Sustainability
- Outcomes/ Impacts
- Writing A bid
- Good vs Bad examples activity
- Use of language
- Hints & Tips
- Afternoon: Practical writing
- Peer review and support
- Maintaining records
- Maintaining a relationship
- Questions



## Activity

#### Discuss:

- In pairs What steps you take before writing a bid?
- Rate these steps in priority order



## Preparing A Bid

- Research
- Identify your stakeholders
- Identify your need what is the issue?
- Identify your solution what are you doing about it?
- Research other providers
- Start to research funders





#### Preparing A Bid

#### **Budget**

'The amount of money needed or available for a purpose.'

- What do you need to deliver your project? Be realistic!
- List what you need and what would be nice to have (in and out of scope).
- Think about the main cost areas: people, equipment, communication, travel, venue, other expenses.
- Learn from previous project costs
- Include treasurer/ finance manager in your plans
- What have you raised so far? Regular income/ fundraising events / other Trusts
- Can you demonstrate sustainability?



## **Example budget**

Item	Year 1 cost	Total 1 year cost (£)	Notes/ Assumptions
Running Costs:			
	£375.00 per calendar month x		Rent increase unlikely - landlord has
Rental costs	12 <b>= £4,500</b>	4,500	reduced rental costs in previous years
			Kept the same over 3 years based on
	gas/ electricity £35 per week		Government Domestic Energy Price
Utilities: gas/ electricity	x 52 weeks = <b>£1,820</b>	1,820	statistics
			Kept the same based on ability to
Broadband	£18 per month x 12 = <b>£216</b>	216	swop to best priced provider
			Kept the same based on ability to
Insurance	£300 per year	300	swop to best priced provider
			Kept the same based on ability to shop
Stationary	£12 per month x 12 = £144	144	around for best deal
			Year 1 marketing costs to buy new
			publicity info/ year 2 replenishment/
Marketing Materials	Leaflets/banners	300	year 3 refresh
Support Worker costs			
			Increase based on possible cost
Part-time (22 hours)	Payroll costs - £4.50 per month	54	increases from payroll provider
Salary	£12.00 per hour = £264p/w x 52	13,728	Salary at fixed cost
			Based on auto-enrolment and increase
Employer Pension contributions	1.5% of salary = £205.92	205.92	in pension rate
			Based on employer NI calculator:
			http://www.icalculator.info/employer
Employer NI contributions	(13.8% of eligible salary) = <b>£12</b>	1225.76	_NIC_calculator/10296.html
	HMRC Rate 45p per mile		
Travel expenses	(approx. 500 miles) = <b>£225</b>	225	HMRC current rate at 2016
	(5)		year 1 includes training to carry out
Training costs	Appropriate training to role	300	role and year2/3 refresher training/
Volunteer costs	7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7		, ,
	HMRC Rate 45p per mile		
Travel expenses	(approx. 300 miles) = <b>£135</b>	135	HMRC current rate at 2016
iraver expenses	(approx. soo iiiies) = <b>1133</b>		Remains at same rate as turnover of
Training/ induction	Appropriate training to role	£300	volunteers may require more training
manning/ muuction	Appropriate training to fole	23,454	
		23,454	



## Preparing A Bid

#### **Outcomes and Impact**

What are outcomes?

- The effect the project has on the people/issues you are addressing.
- The change that occurs because of the project.

What is impact?

The long term or indirect effect of outcomes

'Impacts are what we hope for. Outcomes are what we work for.' – Penna – author of Outcomes Management



## Preparing A Bid

#### **Outcomes and Impact**

#### **Literacy Project**

- Increased enrolment in English courses in the local college
- Impact
- Participants felt more confident about getting volunteer roles or even a job
- Outcome
- Felt enabled to help their children with their literacy needs
- Outcome
- Increase in number of volunteers in community
- Impact



## Putting people in the lead





#### **Break Time**





## Preparing A Bid

#### **Finding Grants & Trusts**

- Through CVS Cheshire East
- Local funders such as town councils
- Other groups funders
- Web search
- Library
- Well known funders such as Big Lottery or Children in Need





## **Preparing Your Bid**

#### **Researching Funders**

#### Look at:

Who they've funded before

Read their criteria thoroughly – what

they do and don't fund?

Deadlines - pay attention

Funding rounds/ stages

Type of application –

online/letter/application form etc.



## What do funders consider as the key elements of a bid?





## Applying to Esmée

III 00:02 vimeo



## Writing Your Bid

Read this funding proposal and think about the video from Esmée Fairbairn. Discuss it with a partner.

#### Consider:

- Consider its strengths/weaknesses?
- How would you amend it and why?
- Feedback to the group



## **Writing Your Bid**

- Using the right language
- No jargon
- Try not to use acronyms (or at least give them some context)
- Pay attention to word counts
- Read the application form first
- Complete with the criteria/ guidance alongside
- Answer all questions



## **Writing Your Bid**

#### **Common Mistakes People Make**

- Not answering the questions
- Missing or not paying attention to deadlines
- Writing negatively or underselling
- Making an application difficult to read
- Making unsubstantiated claims or vague claims
- Over exaggeration
- Grammar and spelling



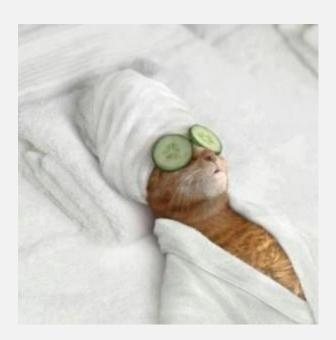
#### Lunch



...and application read through opportunity



#### **Welcome Back**





## **Your Turn!**





#### **Feedback**

What were the key good points of your applications?

What areas could be improved?

Were there any common areas which you found difficult?





## Record Keeping

Firstly – keep a track of applications and deadlines

Secondly - ongoing project monitoring

- Outputs numbers
- Evaluation forms/ outcomes star
- Case studies
- Feedback
- Budgets spending





## Maintaining a Relationship

- Read, sign and return the acceptance letter
- Say 'Thank you'
- Marketing requirements
- Complete reports and monitoring
- Tell them about issues or successes





## **Report Writing**

- Use your information from your record keeping
- If you've had challenges talk about them and how you've overcome them.
- If targets haven't been met, say why.
- Send a report in line with the funders guidelines.
- Don't waffle!





## Don't Forget.....

#### **Before Applying:**

- Do your research
- Plan your budget
- Think about need and solution
- Think about outcomes/ impact





## Don't Forget.....

#### When Applying:

- Research the funders
- Read the criteria first
- Answer the questions
- Be clear
- Get a 'critical friend' to read through





## What about if you are unsuccessful?

- Don't get too disheartened
- Contact the trust for feedback.
- Set a date to reapply
- Use the time to gather more evidence





#### Questions





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